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CEDAR CREST COLLEGE REL 220-70/80 Fall 2008 Wednesday 4-6:30 p.m.

Outcomes, Objectives and Methods of Evaluation

As a result of taking REL 220, students will experience the following outcomes: the development of a critical understanding about the way that death is perceived in contemporary American society, the development of understanding about perceptions of death in other cultures and religions and the acquisition of care giving skills for the dying. These outcomes will be advanced through the following objectives and modes of evaluation: to understand the prevailing American attitude of denial and its historical and societal causes (evaluated through the final examination and the first short paper), to understand attitudes toward death in ancient Mesopotamia, and in Judaism, Christianity, Islam, Hinduism and Buddhism as well as animistic religions (evaluated through the final examination and the term paper). Finally, students will gain an appreciation of grief, the role of ethics and death, and the hospice movement in conjunction with the student's own understanding of death (evaluated through the final examination and the second short paper).

NOTE: Students are required to save a copy on disc of take home exams and papers for the duration of the course.

August

Course Introduction
 Attitudes toward death in contemporary American society
 DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 1

Death and the Media

<u>September</u>

3 A historical overview of attitudes toward death – The Middle Ages through the 19th Century.

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 2

Historical overview continued – The 20th Century Discussion, The Death of Ivan Ilyich

10 Contemporary American Funerals
DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 8

September, cont.

17 Cultural Attitudes Toward Death

How We Die

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 3 and 11

Film: "Death, The Trip of a Lifetime – Going for the Glory"

Death in ancient Egypt and Mesopotamia

24 Death in ancient Egypt and Mesopotamia continued

Film: Legacy Series, "Iraq: The Cradle of Civilization"

<u>October</u>

1 Death in Judaism and Christianity

First Paper Due

8 Death in Islam

Death in Hinduism

15 Death in Buddhism

Death in Animistic Cultures

Film: "Wisdom of Faith Series: Hinduism and Buddhism"

22 Ethics and Death

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapters 6 and 9

Children's attitudes toward death

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 10

29 AIDS and Mass Death

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 13

Suicide

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 12

Second Paper Due

November

5 Film: "White Light, Black Rain"

November, Cont.

12 Bereavement - Understanding Grief

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapters 5 & 7

Discussion – Tuesdays with Morrie

The Hospice Movement – history and development

DeSpelder/Strickland, Chapter 4 (**Term papers due – 1st Deadline**)

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19 Loss (**Journals due**)

(Term papers due -2^{nd} deadline)

December

3 Loss, Cont.

(Take Home Final Examination Distributed) Course conclusion

Required Reading (available in the Cedar Crest College Bookstore)

DeSpelder, Lynne Ann and Stickland, Albert Lee. <u>The Last Dance: Encountering Death and Dying</u> (Mountain View, CA, Mayfield, 1992)

Albom, Mitch. <u>Tuesdays with Morrie: An Old Man, A Young Man and Life's Greatest Lesson</u>. (New York: Doubleday, 1997)

Tolstoy, Leo. The Death of Ivan Ilyich (New York, Bantam, 1981)

Course Requirements:

Each student will keep a journal reflecting on readings, class discussions and their own observations about death (15%).

In addition, students will complete two papers of 5-7 pages (15% each). The first paper will explore attitudes toward death in contemporary society. The theme may be discussed using film, literature, music, or the student's own understanding of popular culture. The second paper will examine the beliefs about death and dying in the student's family and religious tradition (if any). This is not intended as a defense of a belief but as a critical analysis of the nature of beliefs about death, conflicts within them, and suggestions about their impact on the way one functions in society using the student's own experiences as a reference point. A term paper (25%) of 8-12 pages will explore attitudes toward death in a culture or religion other than the student's own. Term papers may focus on ancient or modern societies and are not restricted to those examined in the course.

Papers are to be typed (double-spaced) and if involving research must include an adequate bibliography of at least five sources employing one of the standard style systems (APA, Chicago, or MLA). Papers turned in on November 28 will receive full comments. Papers may also be submitted on December 5 but will receive a grade without comments. Due to the large number of students enrolled in the course drafts of papers cannot be received.

Course requirements also include a final examination (25%), and class participation (10%).

Standards for the Academic Study of Religion:

Religion courses at Cedar Crest College are grounded in academic study from a variety of disciplines. To this end students are expected to analyze myth, ritual and the cultural manifestations of religion without making value judgments about the phenomena they are observing and without imposing any faith perspective (including their own) on the data. Any student having difficulty with this approach is urged to consult with the instructor as early as possible in the semester.

Honor Code:

Students are expected to abide by the Cedar Crest Honor Code at all times and to observe a courteous classroom demeanor.

Attendance:

Unless excused for health or personal emergency, students are expected to be in class. Students missing more than three classes without a valid excuse will lose 2 points from their final course grade for each day absent.

PLAGIARISM AND THE HONOR CODE

Plagiarism is "the appropriation or imitation of the language, ideas, and thoughts of another author, and representation of them as one's original work," (<u>The Random House College Dictionary</u>, Revised Edition, New York: Random House, 1975, p. 1014). The Cedar Crest College Faculty Handbook (Book Four, Article B, Section 3, p. 14) further defines it:

Any language taken from another source, whether individual words or entire paragraphs, must be placed within quotation marks and attributed to the source, following the citation format specified by the instructor. Paraphrased material from an outside source must also be attributed. In addition, if the student is indebted to another source for a specific perspective or a line of argument—regardless of whether the student has directly quoted the source or not—that debt must be acknowledged.

In consideration of these ideas, all Religious Studies courses will treat plagiarism in the following ways. Inadvertent plagiarism, the occasional failure to include a citation or the occasional use of a phrase from another source or the omission of a reference, represents sloppy scholarship and is subject to the loss of points on the paper or examination on which it occurs. However, the importation of either complete sentences or paragraphs from an external source and integrating them within the body of a paper constitutes plagiarism and will result in a failing grade being given for the entire course.

Academic papers or projects submitted for another college course cannot be re-submitted for any Religious Studies course without the permission of both instructors. Dual submission of papers is a violation of academic policy and will result in a failure for the course.

INTERNET SOURCES

Internet sources on all academic papers must be used with discretion since they represent a surface level of research and are often not subjected to peer review prior to publication. Research papers must include at least ten sources and no more than four internet citations with the exception of on line journals and academic papers available on educational (.edu) sites. Encyclopedias (including Wikipedia) cannot be cited as resources in research papers.

GRADE REQUIREMENTS FOR PAPERS

An "A" paper must have:

- Excellence in the creative and critical presentation of an argument relevant to the assignment.
- A clearly identified thesis or central idea.
- A structure that connects the ideas in the paper with the thesis.
- A complete bibliography or "works cited" page(s) in appropriate format.
- Clearly articulated relevance and significance of the subject matter.
- The paper must be grammatically correct and relatively free from errors in grammar, syntax or spelling. It must also contain appropriate references in the text and follow an accepted style system.

A "B" paper must have:

- A clearly identified thesis or central idea.
- A structure that relates to the thesis but may lack some connections.
- A bibliography or "works cited" page(s) that is relatively free from error.
- Appropriate connections with the assignment.
- The paper must be relatively free from errors in grammar, syntax or spelling. It must also contain appropriate references in the text and follow an accepted style system.

A "C" paper is identified by:

- A poorly constructed central idea.
- Poor structure.
- Incomplete bibliography, "works cited" and references in the text.
- Appropriate connections with the assignment.
- Errors in grammar, syntax or spelling.

A "D" paper is identified by:

- No central idea.
- Little or no structure.
- Incomplete or missing bibliography, "works cited" and references in the text.
- Abundant errors in grammar, syntax or spelling.
- Unclear or confused relationship to the assignment.

A failing paper is identified by:

- No central idea or structure.
- Failure to include bibliography "works cited" or references in the text.
- Abundant errors in grammar, syntax or spelling.
- Lack of relationship to the assignment.